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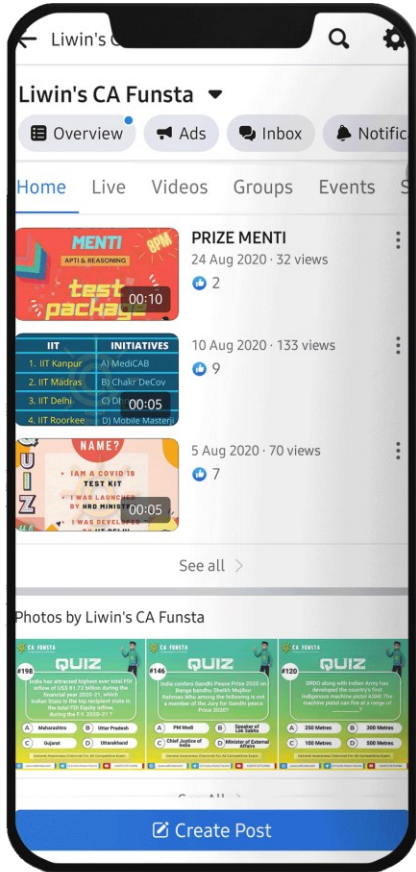


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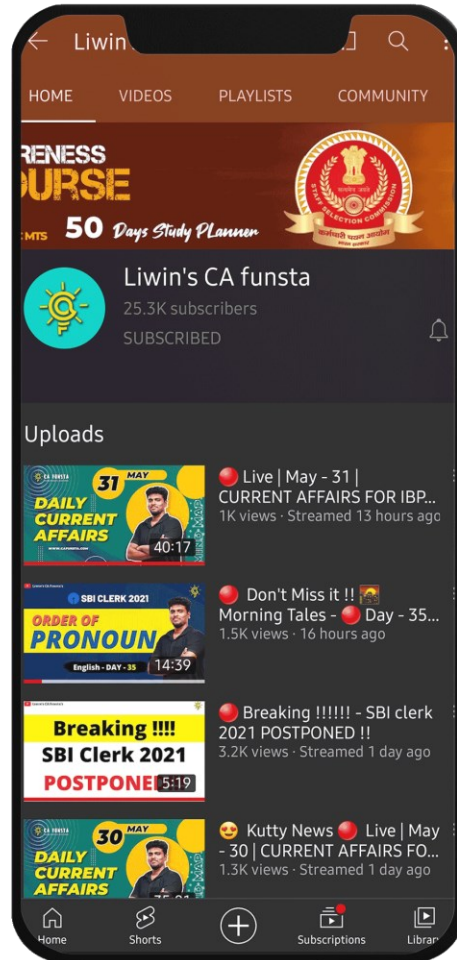
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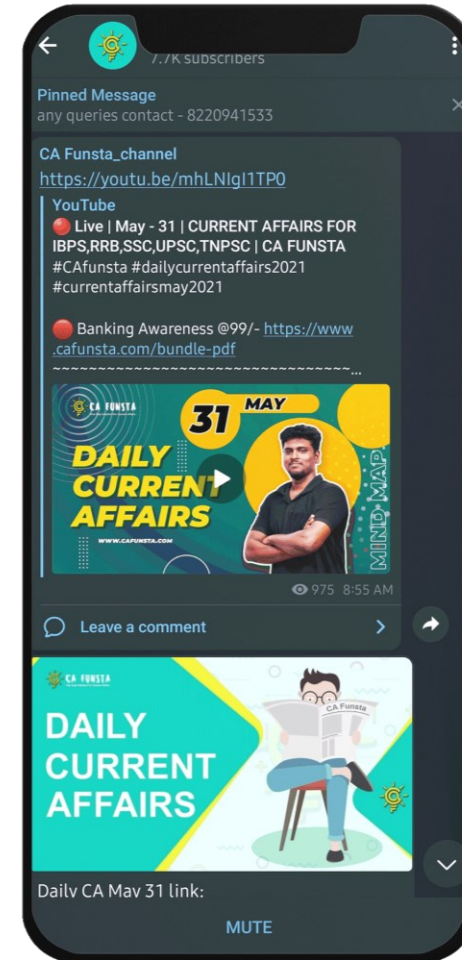
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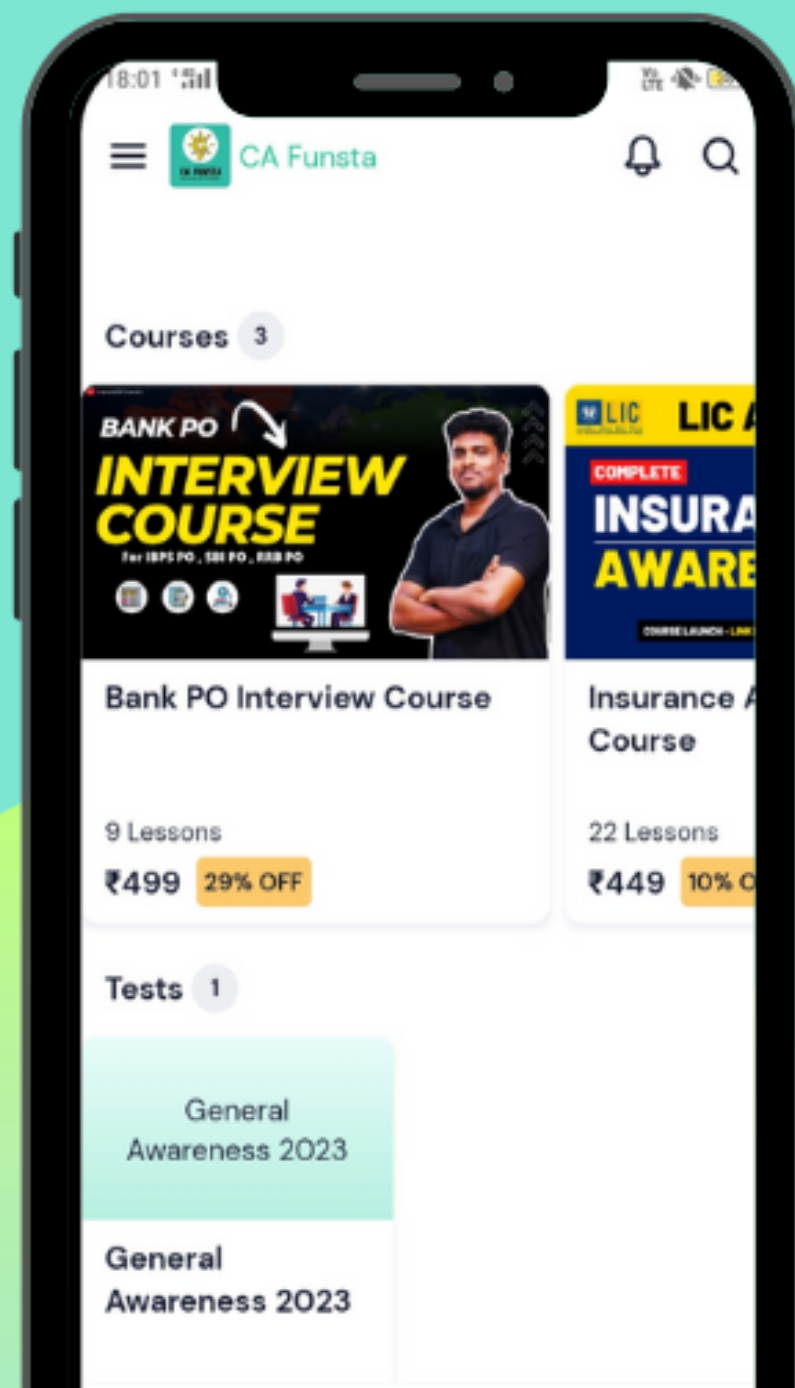
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"Such a great explanation for each and every topics of banking awareness. Easy to understand. Thank you Liwin sir."

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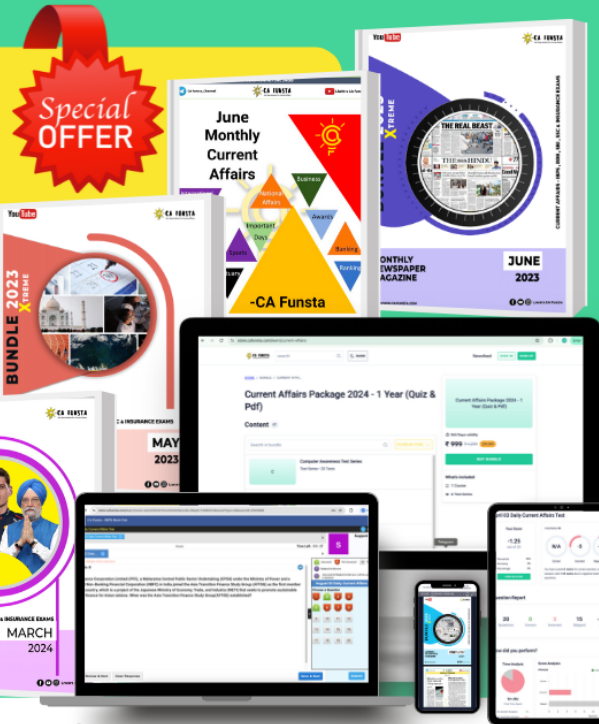


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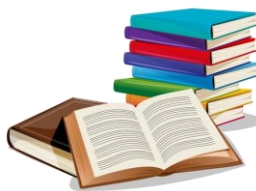
Important Days



➤ On which date was Dussehra (Vijayadashami) celebrated in most parts of India in 2026?

- A) 18 October 2026
- B) 19 October 2026
- C) 20 October 2026
- D) 21 October 2026
- E) 22 October 2026

Answer
C) 20 October 2026.

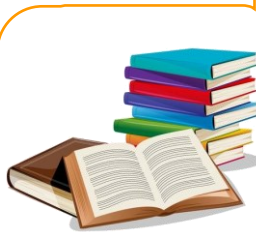


Important Days



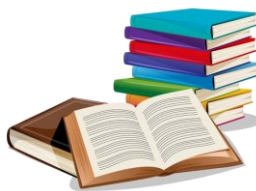
Event and Location:

- **Event:** Dussehra **2026**, also known as Vijayadashami, was celebrated to commemorate **Lord Rama's** victory over **Ravana and Goddess Durga's** victory over Mahishasura.
- **Location: Across India**, with different religious rituals and cultural traditions observed in northern, southern, eastern, and western regions.
- **Date: 20 October 2026** (Tuesday).



Mandates and Objectives:

- **Mandates:** Dussehra celebrations included **Ravana Dahan**, Ramlila performances, **Durga Visarjan**, **Shami Puja**, and **Ayudha Puja**. The festival was observed on **Dashami Tithi**, which continued until **21 October 2026** according to the **New Delhi Panchang**.

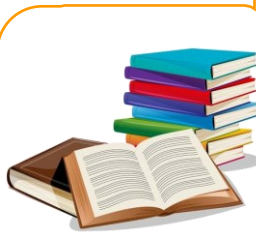


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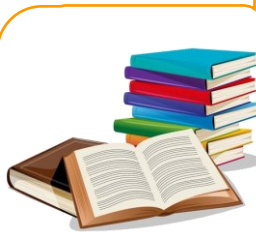
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Objectives:** To commemorate the victory of good over evil, righteousness over injustice, and truth over falsehood, while preserving religious traditions and promoting values such as courage, humility, self-control, and compassion.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Dashami Tithi:** The tenth lunar day of a fortnight in the Hindu calendar, associated with the celebration of Vijayadashami during the month of Ashwin.

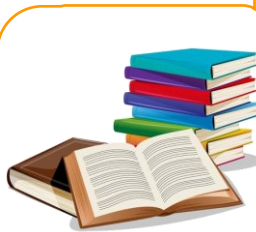


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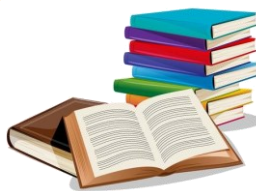
Important Terms Explained:

- **Vijay Muhurat:** An auspicious period associated with victory and religious activities, with timings varying according to geographical location.



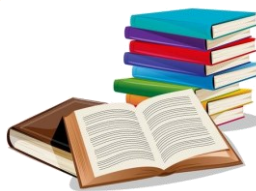
Important Terms Explained:

- **Ravana Dahan:** The ceremonial burning of effigies of Ravana, Meghnad, and Kumbhakarna, symbolising **Lord Rama's** victory over Ravana.



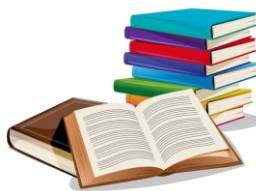
Important Terms Explained:

- **Ramlila:** A traditional dramatic performance depicting events from the Ramayana, particularly **Lord Rama's** life and his battle against Ravana.



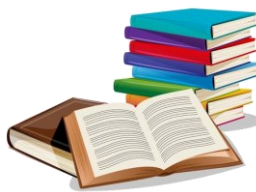
Important Terms Explained:

- **Shami Puja:** A religious ritual involving the worship of the Shami tree, traditionally associated with auspiciousness and victory.
- **Aparajita Puja: Worship of Goddess Aparajita,** associated with victory and divine protection.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Shastra Puja:** A ritual involving the worship of weapons and implements, symbolising respect for the instruments used in performing duties.

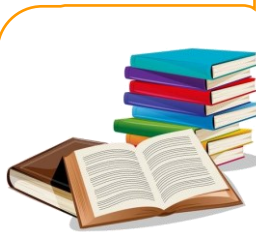


Important Days



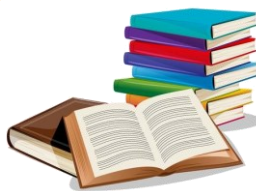
Important Terms Explained:

- **Ayudha Puja:** A traditional ceremony involving the worship of tools, machinery, instruments, and equipment, especially observed in southern India.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Durga Visarjan:** The ceremonial immersion of **Goddess Durga's** idol, marking the conclusion of **Durga Puja** celebrations, particularly in eastern India.

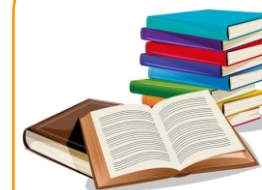


Important Days



Tabular Summary:

Parameter	Details
Festival Name	Dussehra or Vijayadashami.
Date and Day	20 October 2026, Tuesday.
Location	Across India.
Hindu Calendar	Dashami Tithi of Shukla Paksha in the month of Ashwin.
Religious Significance	Lord Rama's victory over Ravana and Goddess Durga's victory over Mahishasura.
Ravana Dahan Timing	Traditionally after sunset; New Delhi's estimated sunset was 5:47 PM.
Major Rituals	Ramlila, Ravana Dahan, Shami Puja, Aparajita Puja, Ayudha Puja, and Durga Visarjan.
Regional Celebrations	Ravana Dahan in northern India, Durga Visarjan in eastern India, Shami Puja in western India, and Ayudha Puja in southern India.



Important Days



► Who initiated the Mysuru Dasara celebrations in 1610, establishing the royal tradition continued by the Wadiyar dynasty?

- A) Krishnaraja Wadiyar IV
- B) Raja Wadiyar I
- C) Chamaraja Wadiyar X
- D) Jayachamarajendra Wadiyar
- E) Krishnadevaraya

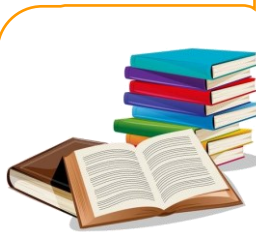
Answer

B) Raja Wadiyar I.



Event and Location:

- **Event: Mysuru Dasara 2026**, also known as **Nada Habba**, Karnataka's state festival, featured **11** days of religious ceremonies, royal traditions, cultural programmes, and the grand **Jamboo Savari** procession dedicated to **Goddess Chamundeshwari**.

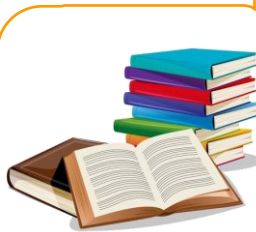


Important Days



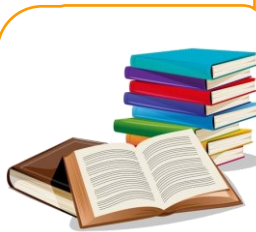
Event and Location:

- **Location:** Mysuru, Karnataka, with major celebrations at **Mysuru Palace, Chamundi Hills**, and Bannimantap.
- **Date:** **11–21 October 2026**, with the grand **Jamboo Savari** procession scheduled for **21 October 2026**.



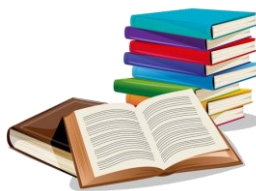
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Mandates:** The Government of Karnataka and **Mysuru** district administration organised the **11**-day Dasara celebrations, featuring **Jamboo Savari**, royal Durbar ceremonies, palace illumination, cultural performances, exhibitions, and the **Panjina Kavayathu** torchlight parade. More than **100** activities were planned across various locations, with the main procession scheduled from **Mysuru Palace to Bannimantap**.



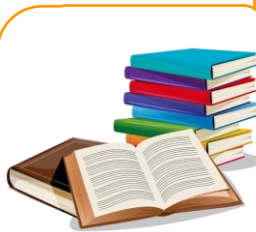
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Objectives:** To commemorate **Goddess Chamundeshwari's** victory over Mahishasura, preserve the royal heritage of the Wadiyar dynasty, promote Karnataka's cultural traditions, and encourage public participation through religious ceremonies, folk arts, exhibitions, and cultural programmes.



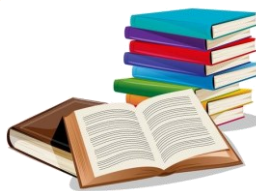
Important Terms Explained:

- **Mysuru Dasara:** Karnataka's annual state festival celebrating **Goddess Chamundeshwari's** victory over Mahishasura, with royal traditions established by **Raja Wadiyar I** in **1610** at Srirangapatna.



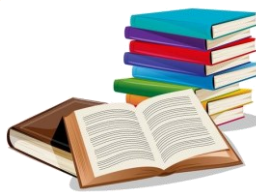
Important Terms Explained:

- **Raja Wadiyar I: The Wadiyar** ruler who initiated the royal Dasara celebrations at Srirangapatna in **1610**, continuing traditions associated with the **Vijayanagara Empire**.



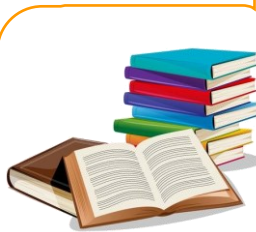
Important Terms Explained:

- **Vijayanagara Empire:** A major **South Indian** empire whose Mahanavami celebrations included royal rituals, processions, wrestling, music, and public performances, influencing the **Mysuru Dasara** tradition.



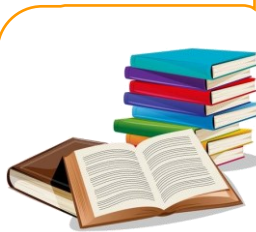
Important Terms Explained:

- **Goddess Chamundeshwari:** A manifestation of **Goddess Durga** and the presiding deity of Mysuru, worshipped for defeating the buffalo demon Mahishasura.



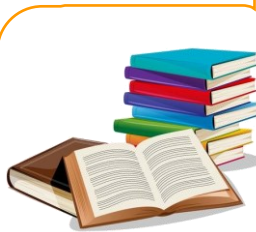
Important Terms Explained:

- **Sri Chamundeshwari Temple:** A major Hindu temple situated on **Chamundi Hills** overlooking Mysuru, associated with the religious ceremonies that mark the beginning of Dasara festivities.



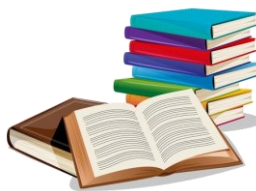
Important Terms Explained:

- **Vijayadashami:** The tenth day following the nine nights of Navratri, commemorating the victory of good over evil and marking the culmination of **Mysuru Dasara**.



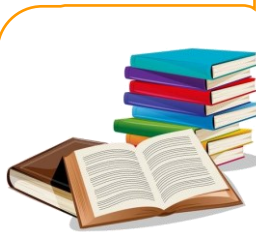
Important Terms Explained:

- **Golden Howdah:** A ceremonial golden seat or platform placed on an elephant to carry the idol of **Goddess Chamundeshwari** during the **Jamboo Savari** procession.



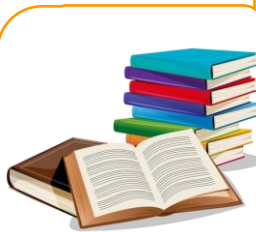
Important Terms Explained:

- **Jamboo Savari Procession:** The grand Vijayadashami parade travelling approximately five kilometres from **Mysuru Palace to Bannimantap**, featuring decorated elephants, traditional musicians, folk artists, and cultural tableaux.



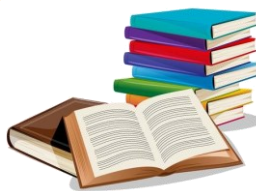
Important Terms Explained:

- **Panjina Kavayathu:** A ceremonial torchlight parade held at Bannimantap, marking the grand finale of **Mysuru Dasara** and reflecting the festival's historical military and royal traditions.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Royal Durbar:** A traditional ceremonial royal assembly conducted during **Mysuru Dasara**, preserving the historical customs of the Wadiyar dynasty.

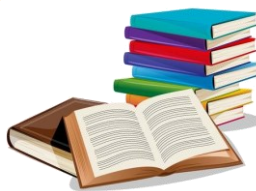


Important Days



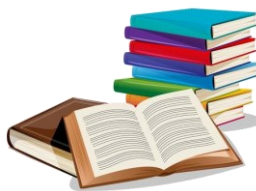
Important Terms Explained:

- **Aahara Mela:** A food festival organised during **Mysuru Dasara**, showcasing different culinary traditions and regional food specialities.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Kambala:** A traditional buffalo race associated with Karnataka's coastal culture, included among the planned attractions for **Mysuru Dasara 2026**.



Important Days



Tabular Summary:

Parameter	Details
Festival Name	Mysuru Dasara 2026, also called Nada Habba.
Dates and Duration	11–21 October 2026, covering 11 days.
Location	Mysuru, Karnataka, with celebrations at Mysuru Palace, Chamundi Hills, and Bannimantap.
Historical Origin	Raja Wadiyar I initiated the royal Dasara tradition at Srirangapatna in 1610.
Religious Significance	Goddess Chamundeshwari's victory over the demon Mahishasura.
Grand Jamboo Savari	Scheduled for 21 October 2026, covering approximately five kilometres from Mysuru Palace to Bannimantap.
Major Ceremonies	Golden Howdah procession, royal Durbar, palace illumination, and Panjina Kavayathu torchlight parade.
Other Attractions	More than 100 planned activities, including cultural programmes, Aahara Mela, flower shows, Kambala, and Dasara exhibitions.



Important Days

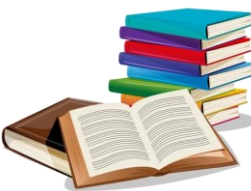


- **Police Commemoration Day is observed annually on October 21 to honour the sacrifice of ten CRPF personnel during which incident in 1959?**

- A) Galwan Valley Incident
- B) Hot Springs Incident
- C) Kargil Conflict
- D) Doklam Standoff
- E) Nathu La Incident

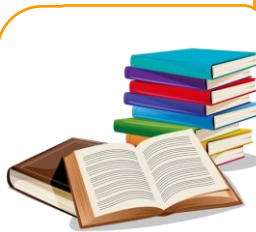
Answer

B) Hot Springs Incident.



Event and Location:

- **Event: Police Commemoration Day 2026** was observed to honour police personnel who sacrificed their lives in the line of duty, commemorating the killing of ten **CRPF** personnel by Chinese forces in **1959**.
- **Location: National Police Memorial**, Chanakyapuri, **New Delhi**, with commemorative observances across India.

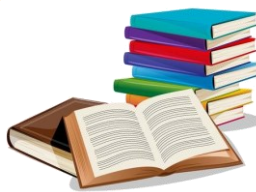


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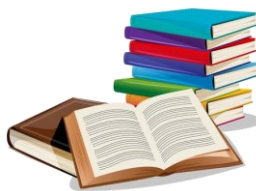
Event and Location:

- **Date: 21 October 2026** (Wednesday).



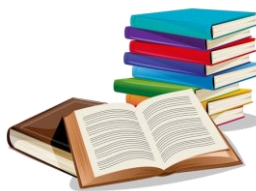
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Mandates:** The **2026** commemoration programme included a joint parade of **Central Armed Police Forces** (CAPFs) and **Delhi Police**, wreath-laying ceremonies, and tributes to fallen personnel at the **National Police Memorial**. A motorcycle rally involving approximately **90** police personnel was also planned under the theme "**Fight Against Drugs**", travelling to **Ekta Nagar**, Gujarat, for the **Ekta Parade** on **31 October 2026**.



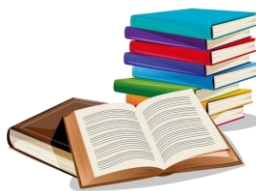
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Objectives:** To honour the bravery and sacrifices of police personnel, preserve the memory of the **1959 Hot Springs** incident, strengthen public awareness of police service, promote anti-drug awareness, and encourage national unity through participation in **Rashtriya Ekta Diwas** celebrations.



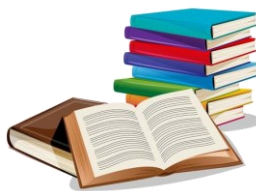
Important Terms Explained:

- **Hot Springs Incident (1959):** An incident on **21** October **1959** near the India-China border in Ladakh, when Chinese forces attacked an Indian police patrol, resulting in the deaths of ten **CRPF** personnel.



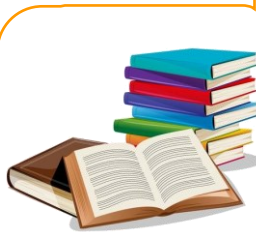
Important Terms Explained:

- **Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF):** A central armed police force of India whose ten personnel were killed during the **1959 Hot Springs** incident, which became the historical basis for **Police Commemoration Day**.



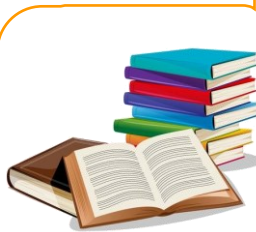
Important Terms Explained:

- **Central Armed Police Forces (CAPFs):** Central security forces that perform duties relating to internal security, border protection, and other security responsibilities under the **Government of India**.



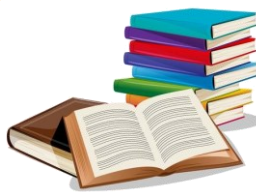
Important Terms Explained:

- **National Police Memorial:** A national monument located in Chanakypuri, **New Delhi**, dedicated to police personnel who died in the line of duty. It was dedicated to the nation by **Prime Minister Narendra Modi** on **21 October 2018**.



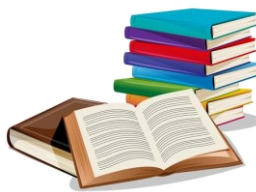
Important Terms Explained:

- **Wall of Valour:** A memorial structure within the **National Police Memorial** that honours police personnel who sacrificed their lives while performing their duties.



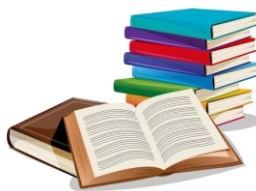
Important Terms Explained:

- **Police Museum:** A museum within the **National Police Memorial** complex showcasing the history, contributions, and sacrifices of India's police forces.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Fight Against Drugs Motorcycle Rally:** A planned **2026** awareness initiative involving approximately **90** police riders from selected states, **Union Territories**, CAPFs, and central police organisations, travelling towards **Ekta Nagar**, Gujarat.

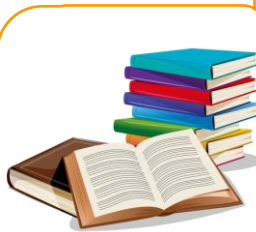


Important Days



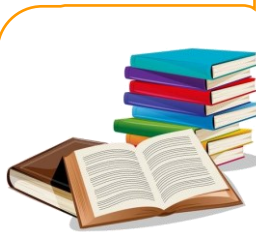
Important Terms Explained:

- **Rashtriya Ekta Diwas: National Unity Day**, observed annually on **31** October to commemorate the birth anniversary of **Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel** and promote national integration.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Ekta Parade:** A ceremonial event associated with **National Unity Day** celebrations at **Ekta Nagar**, Gujarat, promoting national unity and solidarity.



Important Days



Tabular Summary:

Parameter	Details
Observance	Police Commemoration Day 2026.
Date	21 October 2026.
Historical Background	Ten CRPF personnel were killed by Chinese forces at Hot Springs, Ladakh, on 21 October 1959.
Main Venue	National Police Memorial, Chanakyapuri, New Delhi.
Memorial Inauguration	Dedicated to the nation by Prime Minister Narendra Modi on 21 October 2018.
Major Ceremonies	Joint CAPF and Delhi Police parade, wreath-laying ceremony, and tributes to fallen personnel.
Anti-Drug Initiative	Planned motorcycle rally involving approximately 90 police personnel under the theme "Fight Against Drugs".
Rally Destination	Ekta Nagar, Gujarat, for the Ekta Parade on 31 October 2026, coinciding with National Unity Day.



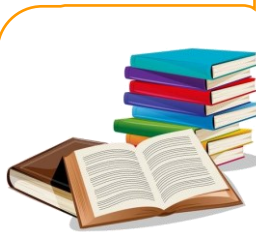
Important Days



➤ In which year was India's National Goitre Control Programme (NGCP) renamed as the National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Programme (NIDDCP)?

- A) 1962
- B) 1986
- C) 1992
- D) 2000
- E) 2005

Answer
C) 1992.

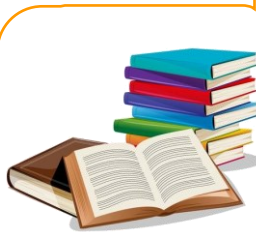


Important Days



Event and Location:

- **Event: World Iodine Deficiency Day 2026**, also known as **World Iodine Deficiency Disorders Prevention Day**, was observed to raise awareness about iodine deficiency, thyroid health, iodised salt consumption, and India's **National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Programme (NIDDCP)**.

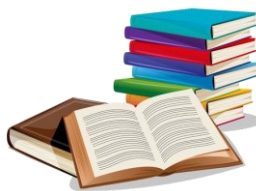


Important Days



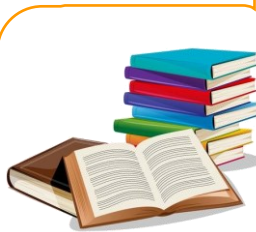
Event and Location:

- **Location:** Observed globally, including India, where the **NIDDCP** operates under the **Ministry of Health and Family Welfare**.
- **Date:** 21 October 2026 (Wednesday).



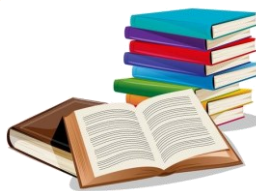
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Mandates: World Iodine Deficiency Day** promotes awareness of iodine-related health disorders and their prevention through adequately iodised salt and iodine-rich foods. **In India**, the **National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Programme (NIDDCP)**, renamed in August **1992** from the **National Goitre Control Programme** launched in **1962**, conducts surveys, monitors iodised salt quality, and supports awareness campaigns through the **Directorate General of Health Services (DGHS)**.



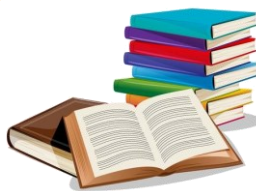
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Objectives:** To prevent iodine deficiency disorders such as goitre, hypothyroidism, impaired brain development, and growth disorders, while promoting adequate iodine intake, improving maternal and child health, and ensuring access to appropriately iodised salt across India.



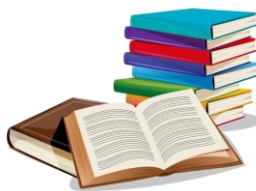
Important Terms Explained:

- **Iodine:** An essential micronutrient required for thyroid hormone production, regulating metabolism, body temperature, physical growth, and brain development.



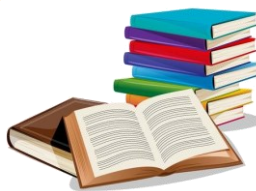
Important Terms Explained:

- Thyroxine (T₄): A thyroid hormone containing four iodine atoms that contributes to metabolic regulation, growth, and development.



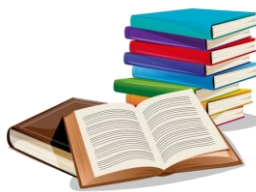
Important Terms Explained:

- Triiodothyronine (T3): A biologically active thyroid hormone containing three iodine atoms that regulates metabolism and various physiological functions.



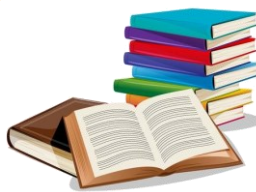
Important Terms Explained:

- **Iodine Deficiency Disorders (IDD):** A group of health conditions caused by insufficient iodine intake, including goitre, hypothyroidism, impaired neurological development, and growth disorders.



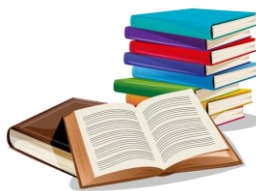
Important Terms Explained:

- **Goitre:** An abnormal enlargement of the thyroid gland, often visible as swelling in the neck, which can result from iodine deficiency.



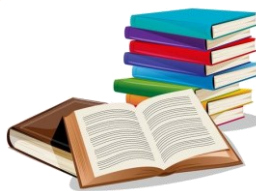
Important Terms Explained:

- **Hypothyroidism:** A condition in which the thyroid gland produces insufficient thyroid hormones, potentially causing fatigue, weight gain, and sensitivity to cold.



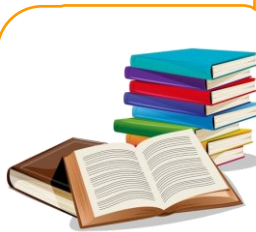
Important Terms Explained:

- **National Goitre Control Programme (NGCP):** An **Indian** government programme launched in **1962** to prevent and control goitre caused by iodine deficiency, later renamed **NIDDCP** in August **1992**.



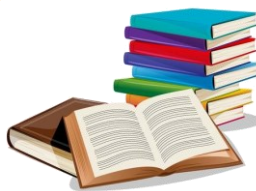
Important Terms Explained:

- **Directorate General of Health Services (DGHS):** A technical advisory body under the **Ministry of Health and Family Welfare** responsible for supporting national public health programmes, including iodine deficiency control.



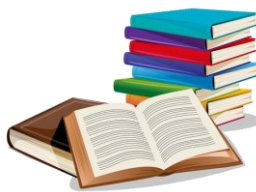
Important Terms Explained:

- **Universal Salt Iodisation (USI):** A public health strategy promoting the iodisation of salt intended for human consumption to prevent iodine deficiency disorders.



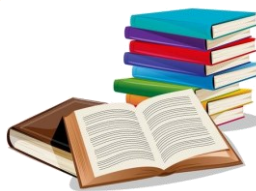
Important Terms Explained:

- **National Family Health Survey (NFHS):** A nationwide survey providing information on population, health, and nutrition indicators, including household consumption of adequately iodised salt.



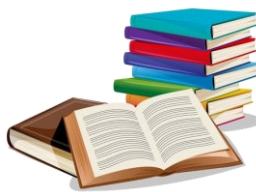
Important Terms Explained:

- **NFHS-5 (2019–21):** The fifth **National Family Health Survey**, which reported that **94.3%** of Indian households used adequately iodised salt, compared with **76%** reported in **NFHS-2 (1998–99)**.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Iodised Salt:** Common edible salt fortified with iodine compounds to help prevent iodine deficiency and related thyroid disorders.



Important Days



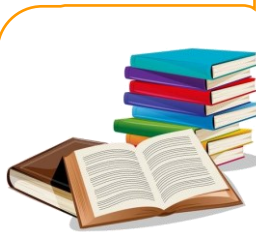
Tabular Summary:

Parameter	Details
Observance	World Iodine Deficiency Day 2026.
Date	21 October 2026.
Main Purpose	Awareness and prevention of iodine deficiency disorders, particularly thyroid-related and developmental conditions.
National Programme	National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Programme (NIDDCP), implemented under the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare.
Programme History	National Goitre Control Programme launched in 1962 and renamed NIDDCP in August 1992.
Implementing Agency	Directorate General of Health Services through its Nutrition and Iodine Deficiency Disorders Cell.
India's Progress	Adequately iodised salt usage increased from 76% in NFHS-2 (1998–99) to 94.3% in NFHS-5 (2019–21).
Prevention Measures	Adequately iodised salt, iodine-rich diets, salt-quality monitoring, public awareness, and medically supervised supplementation when required.

- Which Indian para-athlete won the men's shot put F53 gold medal with a throw of 8.16 metres at the Asian Para Games 2026 in Nagoya, Japan?

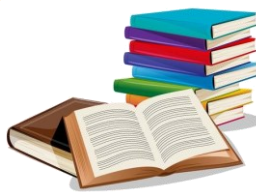
- A) Suhas Yathiraj
- B) Sukant Kadam
- C) Ayush Verma
- D) Prem Kumar Ale
- E) Alireza Hemami

Answer
C) Ayush Verma.



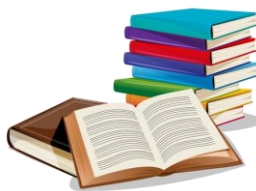
Event and Location:

- **Event:** **Ayush Verma** won the men's shot put **F53** gold medal with a throw of **8.16** metres at the **Asian Para Games 2026**, taking India's reported medal tally to **38**, including **10** gold medals.
- **Location:** Nagoya, Japan.
- **Date:** **21 October 2026**.



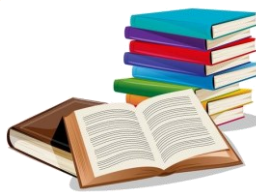
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Mandates:** Indian para-athlete **Ayush Verma** secured the gold medal in the men's shot put F53 category with an **8.16**-metre throw on his fifth attempt, defeating Iran's **Alireza Hemami** and Kazakhstan's **Makhambet Serikkaliyev**. He also won bronze in the men's javelin F53/54 event, while Indian para-badminton player **Suhas Yathiraj** qualified for the men's singles SL4 semifinals.



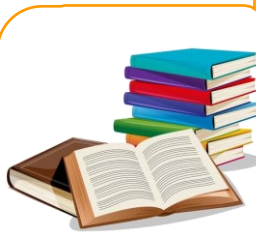
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Objectives:** To achieve medal-winning performances in para-athletics and para-badminton, strengthen India's medal tally at the **Asian Para Games**, and promote competitive opportunities for athletes with disabilities in international sporting events.



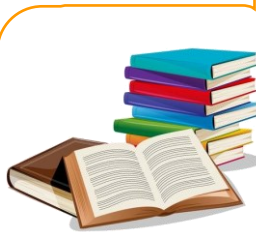
Important Terms Explained:

- Men's **Shot Put F53**: A para-athletics field event for athletes competing in a seated position, generally involving significant impairment of trunk and lower-limb function, with throwing performance relying heavily on upper-body strength and technique.



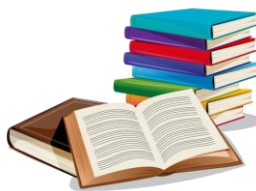
Important Terms Explained:

- **F53 Classification:** A **World Para Athletics** classification for athletes with specific physical impairments affecting trunk and lower-limb movements. The letter F represents field events such as shot put, discus throw, and javelin throw.



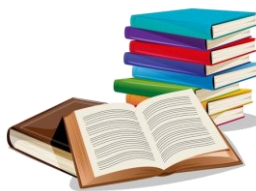
Important Terms Explained:

- Men's Javelin **F53/54**: A seated javelin throwing competition involving athletes from the **F53** and **F54** classifications, with **Ayush Verma** securing a bronze medal in the event.



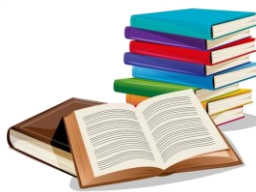
Important Terms Explained:

- **Para-Badminton SL4:** A standing lower-limb classification for badminton players with physical impairments affecting movement, balance, or mobility, generally less severe than those in the SL3 category.



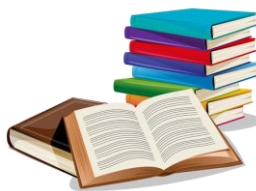
Important Terms Explained:

- Para-Badminton WH1: A wheelchair badminton classification for athletes with significant impairment of lower-limb and trunk functions who compete while seated in wheelchairs.



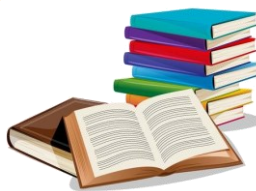
Important Terms Explained:

- **Suhas Lalinakere Yathiraj: An Indian** para-badminton player and Paralympic medallist who reached the men's singles SL4 semifinals after defeating **South Korea's** N. Cho by **21-12, 21-16**.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Alireza Hemami:** An Iranian para-athlete who secured the silver medal in men's shot put F53 with a throw of **8.09** metres.
- **Makhambet Serikkaliyev:** A Kazakh para-athlete who won the bronze medal in men's shot put F53 with a throw of **6.81** metres.



Tabular Summary:

Parameter	Details
Event	Asian Para Games 2026, men's shot put F53.
Date and Venue	21 October 2026, Nagoya, Japan.
Gold Medal Winner	Ayush Verma of India, with an 8.16-metre throw on his fifth attempt.
Silver Medal Winner	Alireza Hemami of Iran, with a throw of 8.09 metres.
Bronze Medal Winner	Makhambet Serikkaliyev of Kazakhstan, with a throw of 6.81 metres.
India's Medal Tally	38 medals, including 10 gold medals, as reported on 21 October 2026.
Ayush Verma's Second Medal	Bronze medal in the men's javelin F53/54 event.
Para-Badminton Achievement	Suhas Yathiraj reached the men's singles SL4 semifinals after defeating South Korea's N. Cho by 21-12, 21-16.



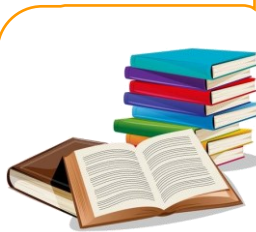
➤ Which two countries will jointly host the third edition of the ICC U19 Women's T20 World Cup in 2027?

- A) India and Sri Lanka
- B) Bangladesh and Nepal
- C) Australia and New Zealand
- D) South Africa and Zimbabwe
- E) Pakistan and Bangladesh



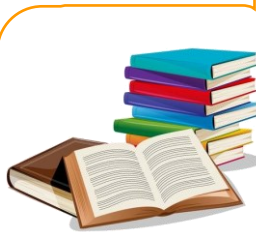
Answer

B) Bangladesh and Nepal.



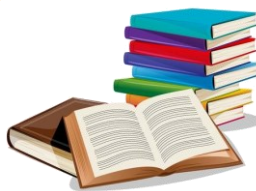
Event and Location:

- **Event: The International Cricket Council (ICC)** announced the schedule for the **ICC U19 Women's T20 World Cup 2027**, featuring **16** teams competing in **41** matches across four venues, with India entering as the defending champions.
- **Location: Bangladesh and Nepal**, with matches scheduled in Chattogram, Sylhet, and Kathmandu.
- **Date: 21** January to **6** February **2027**, with the schedule reported on **21** October **2026**.



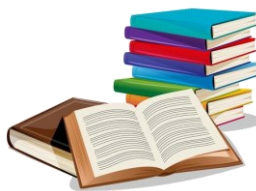
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Mandates:** The **ICC** scheduled the third edition of the **U19 Women's T20 World Cup** from **21 January to 6 February 2027**, with **Bangladesh and Nepal** as joint hosts. The tournament will feature **16** teams divided into four groups, followed by the **Super Six** stage, semifinals, and final. India will begin its title defence against **West Indies** on **22 January 2027**, while the final is scheduled for **6 February 2027**.



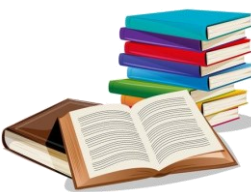
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Objectives:** To promote women's cricket at the international youth level, provide competitive opportunities for emerging female cricketers, strengthen cricket development across participating nations, and identify future talent through a structured global tournament.



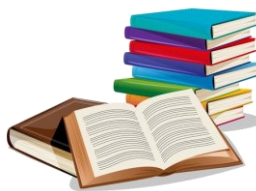
Important Terms Explained:

- **ICC U19 Women's T20 World Cup:** An international Twenty**20** cricket tournament organised by the **International Cricket Council** for women's national teams comprising players eligible for the Under-**19** category. The competition began in **2023**.



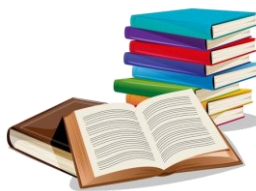
Important Terms Explained:

- Twenty**20** (T**20**) Cricket: A limited-overs cricket format in which each team generally plays a maximum of **20** overs per innings.



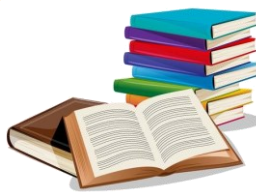
Important Terms Explained:

- **Defending Champions:** The team that won the previous edition of a tournament and enters the next edition seeking to retain its title. India will participate as the defending champions in **2027**.



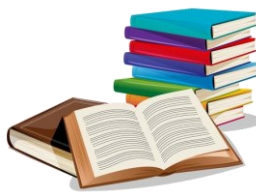
Important Terms Explained:

- **Group Stage:** The initial phase of the tournament in which **16** participating teams are divided into four groups of four teams each.



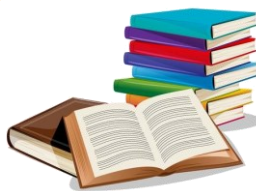
Important Terms Explained:

- **Super Six Stage:** The tournament phase following the initial group stage, in which qualifying teams compete in two groups for places in the semifinals.



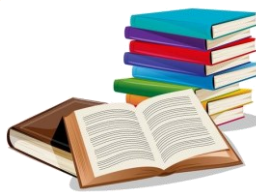
Important Terms Explained:

- **Semifinals:** The knockout stage featuring four qualifying teams, with the winners advancing to the championship final.



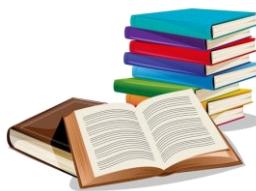
Important Terms Explained:

- **Reserve Day:** An additional scheduled day used to complete or conduct a match affected by circumstances such as adverse weather, subject to tournament regulations.



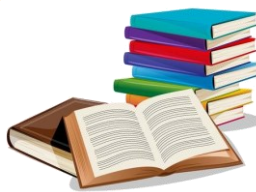
Important Terms Explained:

- **Bir Shrestha Shahid Flight Lieutenant Matiur Rahman Cricket Stadium:** A cricket stadium in Chattogram, Bangladesh, scheduled to host matches, including the tournament semifinals.



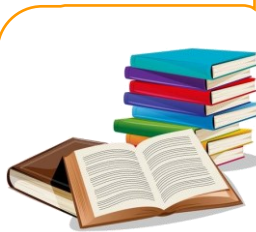
Important Terms Explained:

- **Sylhet International Cricket Stadium:** A major cricket venue located in Sylhet, Bangladesh, selected as one of the host grounds for the **2027** tournament.



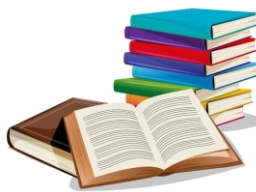
Important Terms Explained:

- **TU International Cricket Stadium:** A cricket ground located in Kathmandu, Nepal, selected to host matches during the **ICC U19 Women's T20 World Cup 2027**.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Upper Mulpani International Cricket Ground:** A cricket venue in Kathmandu, Nepal, designated as one of the tournament's four host grounds.



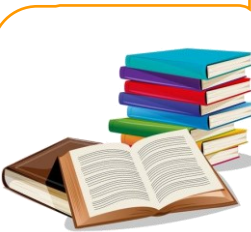
Tabular Summary:

Parameter	Details
Tournament	ICC U19 Women's T20 World Cup 2027, third edition.
Organising Body	International Cricket Council (ICC).
Dates	21 January to 6 February 2027.
Host Countries	Bangladesh and Nepal.
Participating Teams and Matches	16 teams competing in 41 matches across four venues.
Group Composition	Group A: India, Ireland, West Indies, Nepal; Group B: South Africa, New Zealand, Pakistan, Samoa; Group C: Australia, Bangladesh, Nigeria, UAE; Group D: England, Sri Lanka, USA, Scotland.
India's Opening Match	India versus West Indies on 22 January 2027, with India entering as defending champions.
Knockout Schedule	Semifinals on 4 February, semifinal reserve day on 5 February, final on 6 February, and final reserve day on 7 February 2027.

➤ Which country ranked first in the Ipsos Quality of Care Perception Index 2026, in which India secured the third position?

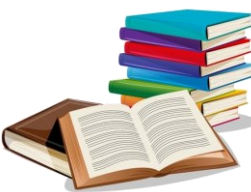
- A) Singapore
- B) India
- C) Malaysia
- D) Australia
- E) Vietnam

Answer
C) Malaysia.



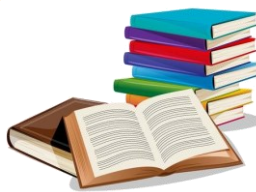
Event and Location:

- **Event:** India ranked third in the **Ipsos Quality of Care Perception Index 2026**, behind **Malaysia and Singapore**, with **68%** of Indian respondents expressing positive perceptions of domestic healthcare quality.
- **Location:** Global survey covering **32** countries, including India, Malaysia, Singapore, Australia, and other participating markets.



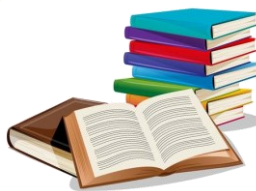
Event and Location:

- **Date:** October **2026**, with survey data collected from **13 July** to **7 August 2026**.



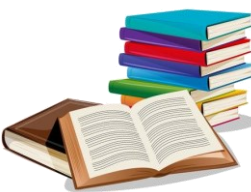
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Mandates:** Ipsos, a global market research firm, released the **Quality of Care Perception Index 2026** based on an online survey of **22,528** adults across **32** countries. The study assessed public perceptions of healthcare quality, system reliability, doctor and pharmacy accessibility, affordability, and expectations for future healthcare improvements.



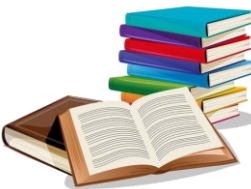
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Objectives:** To evaluate public satisfaction and confidence in national healthcare systems, compare perceived healthcare quality across countries, identify barriers related to healthcare affordability and accessibility, and understand expectations regarding future improvements in healthcare services.



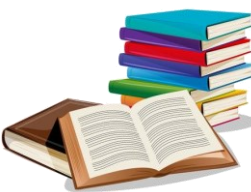
Ranking Table:

Rank	Country / Score/Index/Remarks
1	Country: Malaysia. Score/Index/Remarks: Highest-ranked country in healthcare quality perception.
2	Country: Singapore. Score/Index/Remarks: Second position in the index.
3	Country: India. Score/Index/Remarks: 68% positive healthcare quality perception.
4	Country: Vietnam. Score/Index/Remarks: Fourth position in the index.
5	Country: Australia. Score/Index/Remarks: Fifth position in the index.
6	Country: Netherlands. Score/Index/Remarks: Sixth position in the index.
7	Country: Thailand. Score/Index/Remarks: Seventh position in the index.
8	Country: South Korea. Score/Index/Remarks: Eighth position in the index.
9	Country: Spain. Score/Index/Remarks: Ninth position in the index.
10	Country: South Africa. Score/Index/Remarks: Tenth position in the index.



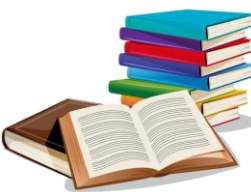
Important Terms Explained:

- **Quality of Care Perception Index:** A survey-based index developed by Ipsos to assess people's perceptions of healthcare quality, accessibility, reliability, and affordability in their respective countries.



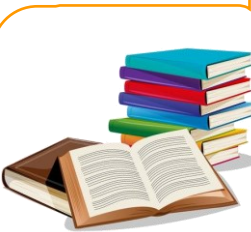
Important Terms Explained:

- **Healthcare Quality Satisfaction:** The proportion of respondents expressing positive opinions about the quality of healthcare services available in their country, with **68%** of Indian respondents reporting favourable perceptions.



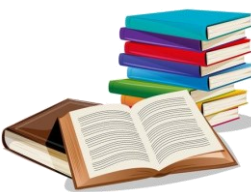
Important Terms Explained:

- **Healthcare System Confidence:** The level of public trust in a healthcare system's ability to provide appropriate medical care when needed, with **64%** of Indian respondents expressing confidence.



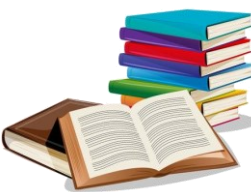
Important Terms Explained:

- **Healthcare Accessibility:** The ease with which individuals can obtain medical services, including doctor appointments and pharmacy access. **In India, 73%** reported easy doctor appointment access, while **81%** reported easy pharmacy access.



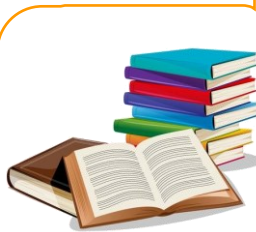
Important Terms Explained:

- **Healthcare Affordability:** The financial ability of individuals to access medical services and treatments, with **74%** of Indian respondents believing that many people cannot afford healthcare.



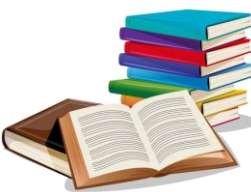
Important Terms Explained:

- **Healthcare Equity:** The principle of fair access to healthcare services regardless of income, social circumstances, or other disadvantages.



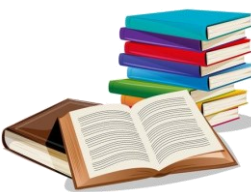
Important Terms Explained:

- **Online Survey Methodology:** A research method involving the collection of responses through internet-based questionnaires, used by Ipsos to gather opinions from **22,528** adults across **32** countries between **July and August 2026**.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Global Country Average:** An unweighted average of results across participating countries and markets, calculated without adjusting for differences in national population sizes.



Tabular Summary:

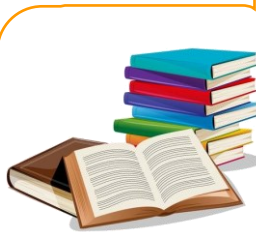
Parameter	Details
Index Name	Ipsos Quality of Care Perception Index 2026.
Released By	Ipsos, a global market research firm.
Release Date	October 2026.
Survey Period and Coverage	13 July to 7 August 2026, covering 22,528 adults across 32 countries.
Top Three Countries	Malaysia ranked first, Singapore second, and India third.
India's Healthcare Perception	68% rated healthcare quality positively, while 64% expressed confidence in receiving the best available care.
Healthcare Accessibility in India	73% reported easy doctor appointment access, while 81% reported easy pharmacy access.
Affordability and Future Outlook	74% perceived healthcare as unaffordable for many, while 54% expected local healthcare quality to improve.

- Which immunotherapy drug was approved by the Drugs Controller General of India (DCGI) on 21 October 2026 for first-line treatment of advanced esophageal squamous cell carcinoma in combination with cisplatin and paclitaxel?

- A) Pembrolizumab
- B) Nivolumab
- C) Zytorvi (Toripalimab)
- D) Atezolizumab
- E) Durvalumab

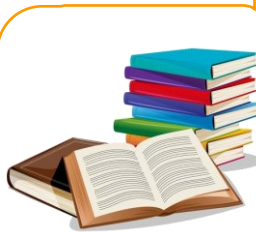
Answer

C) Zytorvi (Toripalimab).



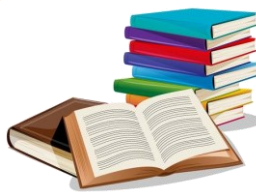
Event and Location:

- **Event:** The Drugs Controller General of India (DCGI) approved Zytorvi (Toripalimab) in combination with cisplatin and paclitaxel for first-line treatment of adults with unresectable advanced, recurrent, or metastatic esophageal squamous cell carcinoma.
- **Location:** India, with the approval communicated by Dr. Reddy's Laboratories.



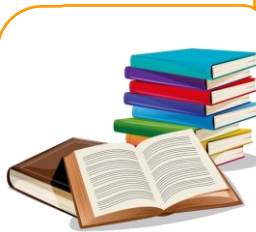
Event and Location:

- **Date: 21 October 2026.**



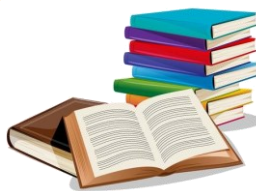
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Mandates:** DCGI approved Zytorvi, a PD-1 inhibitor immunotherapy, in combination with the chemotherapy drugs cisplatin and paclitaxel for treating adults with advanced esophageal squamous cell carcinoma. The approval was supported by the Phase 3 **JUPITER-06** clinical trial, which demonstrated improved median overall survival of **17.7** months compared with **12.9** months for chemotherapy alone. The approved Indian indication does not require patient selection based on PD-L1 expression.



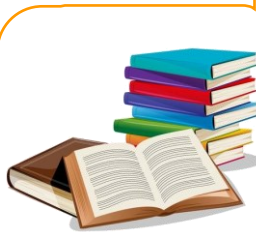
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Objectives:** To expand first-line treatment options for patients with advanced esophageal cancer, improve survival outcomes by combining immunotherapy with chemotherapy, and provide an additional treatment option for patients with unresectable, recurrent, or metastatic disease.



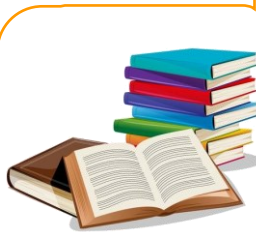
Important Terms Explained:

- **Esophageal Squamous Cell Carcinoma (ESCC):** A type of cancer originating in the squamous cells lining the oesophagus, accounting for approximately **80%** of esophageal cancer cases in India according to the reported information.



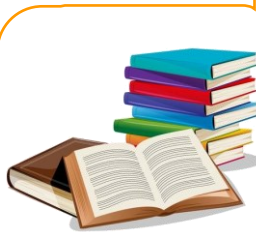
Important Terms Explained:

- **Toripalimab:** A monoclonal antibody immunotherapy that blocks the programmed cell death protein 1 (PD-1) receptor, helping the immune system recognise and attack cancer cells.



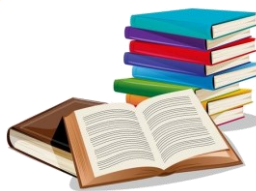
Important Terms Explained:

- **PD-1 Inhibitor:** An immune checkpoint inhibitor that blocks PD-1 signalling, reducing suppression of immune responses against cancer cells.



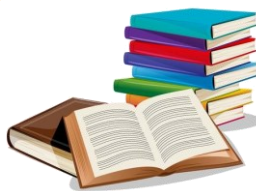
Important Terms Explained:

- **PD-L1 Expression:** The presence of programmed death-ligand **1** on cells, which may influence treatment decisions for certain immunotherapies. The approved Indian indication does not require PD-L1-based patient selection.



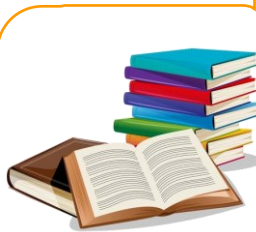
Important Terms Explained:

- **Cisplatin:** A platinum-based chemotherapy medicine that damages cancer-cell **DNA**, interfering with cell replication and survival.
- **Paclitaxel:** A taxane chemotherapy medicine that disrupts microtubule function and prevents cancer cells from completing cell division.



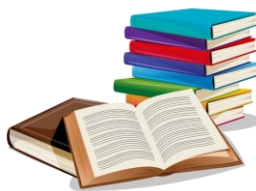
Important Terms Explained:

- **Monoclonal Antibody:** A laboratory-produced antibody designed to recognise and bind to a specific molecular target, including proteins involved in cancer progression or immune regulation.



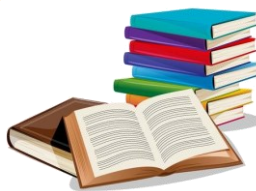
Important Terms Explained:

- **Unresectable Cancer:** A cancerous tumour that cannot be surgically removed because of its location, extent, or other clinical considerations.



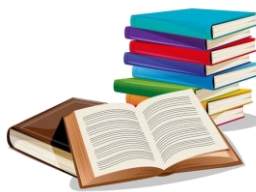
Important Terms Explained:

- **Metastatic Cancer:** Cancer that has spread from its original location to distant organs or tissues.
- **Recurrent Cancer:** Cancer that returns after a period of treatment or remission.



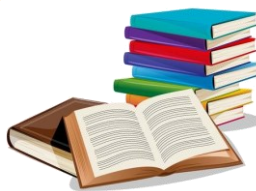
Important Terms Explained:

- **First-Line Treatment:** The initial treatment recommended for a particular disease and clinical setting.



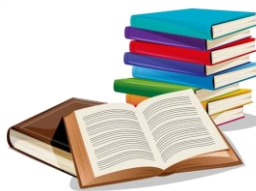
Important Terms Explained:

- **JUPITER-06** Trial: A Phase **3** clinical study evaluating toripalimab combined with chemotherapy in advanced or metastatic **ESCC**, reporting a median overall survival of **17.7** months compared with **12.9** months for chemotherapy alone.



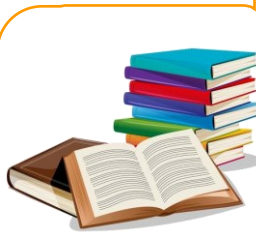
Important Terms Explained:

- **Median Overall Survival:** The length of time at which **50%** of patients in a clinical trial group remain alive, commonly used to assess treatment effectiveness in cancer studies.



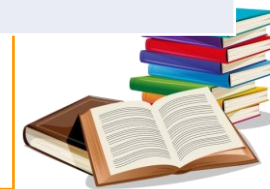
Important Terms Explained:

- **Progression-Free Survival:** The period during which patients remain alive without their cancer worsening, used to evaluate treatment outcomes in clinical trials.



Tabular Summary:

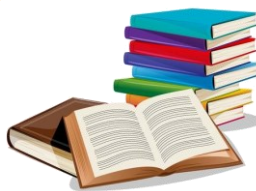
Parameter	Details
Approval	Zytorvi (Toripalimab) for advanced esophageal squamous cell carcinoma.
Approval Date	21 October 2026.
Regulatory Authority	Drugs Controller General of India (DCGI).
Pharmaceutical Company	Dr. Reddy's Laboratories, which communicated the approval.
Approved Treatment	Toripalimab combined with cisplatin and paclitaxel as first-line therapy for adults with unresectable advanced, recurrent, or metastatic ESCC.
Supporting Clinical Trial	Phase 3 JUPITER-06 study.
Median Overall Survival	17.7 months with combination therapy versus 12.9 months with chemotherapy alone.
Major Clinical Finding	Reported 42% lower relative risk of disease progression or death, with no PD-L1-based patient selection required under the Indian indication.



➤ Which African country confirmed an imported case of Ebola Bundibugyo virus disease in October 2026, prompting health authorities to monitor 44 contacts?

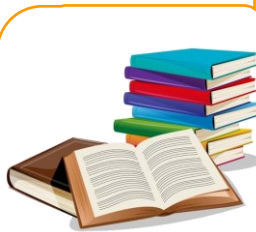
- A) Kenya
- B) Uganda
- C) Nigeria
- D) Democratic Republic of Congo
- E) Tanzania

Answer
C) Nigeria.



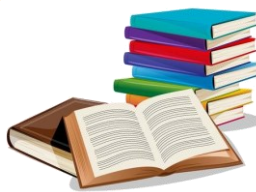
Event and Location:

- **Event:** Nigeria reported an imported case of **Ebola Bundibugyo Virus Disease** in a female patient arriving from Uganda, prompting health authorities to identify and monitor **44** contacts to prevent further transmission.
- **Location:** **Federal Capital Territory (FCT)**, Abuja, Nigeria, with the patient having travelled from Uganda.



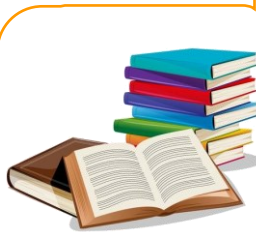
Event and Location:

- **Date: 20 October 2026** (case confirmation), with the development reported on **21 October 2026**.



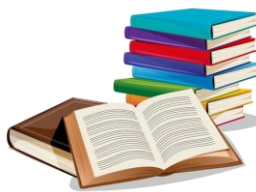
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Mandates: The Nigeria Centre for Disease Control and Prevention (NCDC)** activated an incident management system following confirmation of the imported **Ebola Bundibugyo** case. Health authorities identified **44** contacts for monitoring, isolated the infected patient, strengthened disease surveillance and infection prevention measures, and initiated investigations with support from the **World Health Organization (WHO)**.



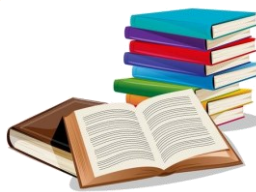
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Objectives:** To prevent community transmission of the Bundibugyo virus, identify possible sources of infection, ensure timely treatment and contact monitoring, strengthen healthcare preparedness, and improve regional coordination in response to the ongoing outbreak in the **Democratic Republic of Congo**.



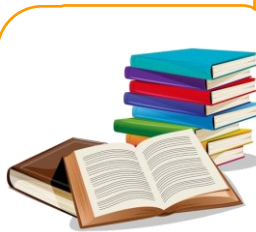
Important Terms Explained:

- **Ebola Bundibugyo Virus Disease:** A severe viral infectious disease caused by Bundibugyo virus, an Ebola-causing virus first identified during an outbreak in Uganda in **2007–2008**.



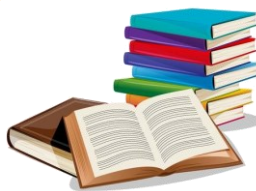
Important Terms Explained:

- **Bundibugyo Virus:** A member of the Orthoebolavirus genus capable of causing serious illness in humans, transmitted primarily through direct contact with infected blood, bodily fluids, or contaminated materials.



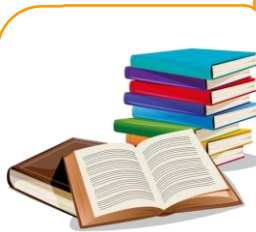
Important Terms Explained:

- **Imported Case:** An infectious disease case acquired outside the country where it is subsequently diagnosed or reported.



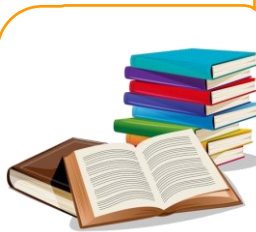
Important Terms Explained:

- **Contact Tracing:** A public health process used to identify, assess, and monitor individuals who may have been exposed to an infected person to prevent further disease transmission.



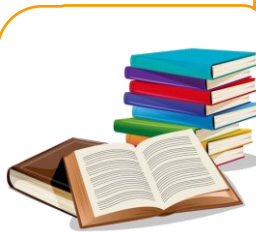
Important Terms Explained:

- **Incident Management System:** A coordinated emergency response mechanism used by public health authorities to organise surveillance, investigations, medical resources, and outbreak-control activities.



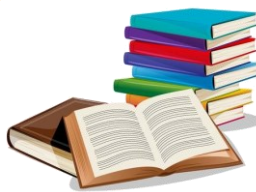
Important Terms Explained:

- **Infection Prevention and Control (IPC):** Healthcare measures designed to prevent the spread of infectious diseases through protective equipment, safe patient handling, hygiene practices, and isolation protocols.



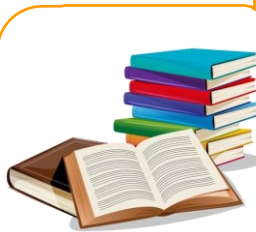
Important Terms Explained:

- **Disease Surveillance:** The systematic collection, monitoring, analysis, and reporting of disease-related information to identify outbreaks and guide public health responses.



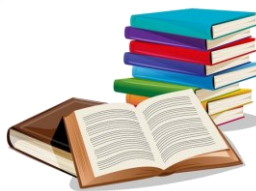
Important Terms Explained:

- **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):** Protective clothing and equipment, including gloves, masks, gowns, and face shields, used by healthcare workers to reduce exposure to infectious materials.



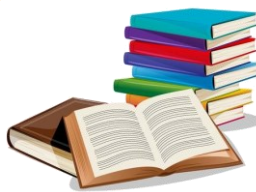
Important Terms Explained:

- **Orthoebolavirus:** A genus of viruses within the Filoviridae family that includes viruses capable of causing Ebola disease in humans.
- **Isolation:** A disease-control measure involving the separation of infected individuals from others to reduce the risk of transmission.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Supportive Care:** Medical treatment focused on maintaining hydration, managing symptoms, correcting electrolyte imbalances, and supporting vital organ functions when disease-specific treatments are unavailable.



Tabular Summary:

Parameter	Details
Event	Confirmation of an imported Ebola Bundibugyo virus disease case in Nigeria.
Confirmation Date	20 October 2026.
Location	Federal Capital Territory, Abuja, Nigeria.
Patient Details	Female patient who travelled from Uganda and developed symptoms after arriving in Nigeria.
Contacts Identified	44 individuals identified for monitoring and follow-up.
Responsible Authorities	Nigeria Centre for Disease Control and Prevention, supported by WHO and its partners.
Regional Outbreak Context	An outbreak was reported in the Democratic Republic of Congo on 15 May 2026.
Control Measures	Patient isolation, contact tracing, disease surveillance, infection prevention, healthcare protection, and public health preparedness.

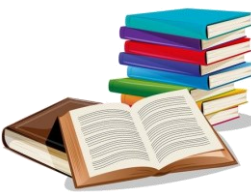


➤ Where did the fifth edition of the India-Australia joint military exercise AUSTRAHIND 2026 begin on 19 October 2026?

- A) Pune, Maharashtra
- B) Jaisalmer, Rajasthan
- C) Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala
- D) Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh
- E) Perth, Australia

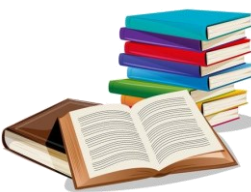
Answer

C) Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala.



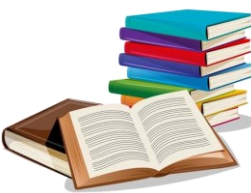
Event and Location:

- **Event:** The fifth edition of Exercise **AUSTRAHIND 2026**, a bilateral military exercise between the **Indian Army and Australian Army**, commenced with approximately **240** personnel and first-time observer participation from **New Zealand**.
- **Location:** **Foreign Training Node**, Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala, India.



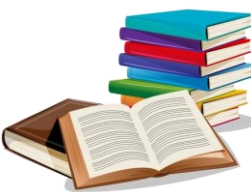
Event and Location:

- **Date: 19 October to 1 November 2026.**



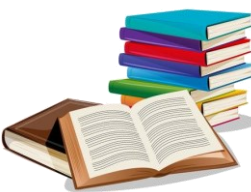
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Mandates:** The Indian Army and Australian Army commenced the fifth edition of **AUSTRAHIND** under the theme "**Joint Sub-Conventional Operations in Island and Coastal Environment** under Chapter VII of the UN Mandate." The exercise involves approximately **120** personnel from each country, focusing on joint tactical planning, surveillance, reconnaissance, protection of vital installations, coastal operations, and **Humanitarian Assistance and Disaster Relief (HADR)**.



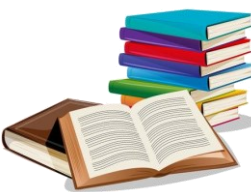
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Objectives:** To enhance military interoperability, jointmanship, operational coordination, and mutual understanding of tactics, techniques, and procedures between **India and Australia**, while strengthening bilateral defence cooperation and promoting security in the Indo-Pacific region.



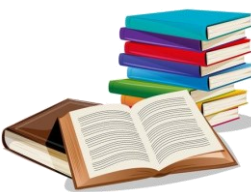
Important Terms Explained:

- **AUSTRAHIND:** A bilateral military exercise conducted between the **Indian Army and Australian Army** to improve operational coordination, interoperability, and defence cooperation through joint training activities.



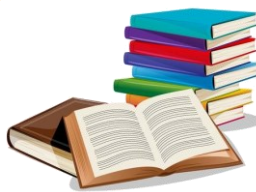
Important Terms Explained:

- **Sub-Conventional Operations:** Military operations conducted below the level of conventional warfare, including counter-insurgency, counter-terrorism, and responses to irregular security threats.



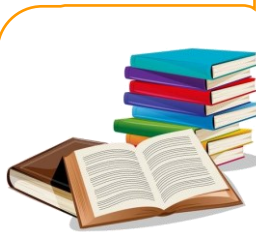
Important Terms Explained:

- **Chapter VII of the UN Charter:** A section of the **United Nations Charter** empowering the UN **Security Council** to authorise measures, including sanctions and military action, to maintain or restore international peace and security.



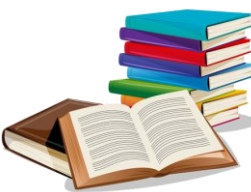
Important Terms Explained:

- **Interoperability:** The ability of armed forces from different countries to operate together effectively through compatible procedures, communication systems, and coordinated military planning.



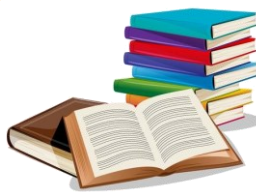
Important Terms Explained:

- **Jointmanship:** The coordinated functioning of military forces or units to achieve common operational objectives through integrated planning and execution.



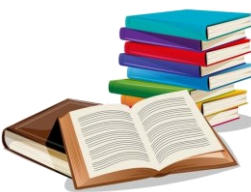
Important Terms Explained:

- **Tactics, Techniques and Procedures (TTPs):**
Standardised military approaches, operational methods, and practical procedures used by armed forces during training and military operations.



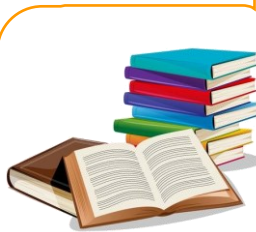
Important Terms Explained:

- **Surveillance and Reconnaissance:** Military activities involving the observation, monitoring, and collection of information about terrain, potential threats, and operational environments.



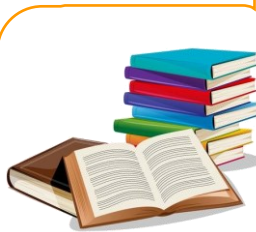
Important Terms Explained:

- **Humanitarian Assistance and Disaster Relief (HADR):** Military and civilian operations providing emergency assistance, rescue, evacuation, and disaster-response support during natural or humanitarian emergencies.



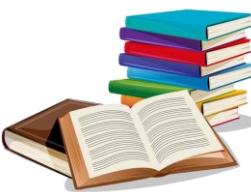
Important Terms Explained:

- **Indo-Pacific Region:** A strategic geographical region encompassing the **Indian and Pacific Oceans**, important for maritime security, trade connectivity, and regional defence cooperation.



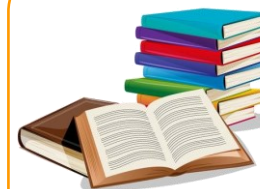
Important Terms Explained:

- **Foreign Training Node:** A designated military training facility used for conducting joint exercises and professional training activities involving Indian and foreign armed forces.



Tabular Summary:

Parameter	Details
Exercise Name	AUSTRAHIND 2026, fifth edition.
Participating Countries	India and Australia.
Date and Duration	19 October to 1 November 2026.
Venue	Foreign Training Node, Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala.
Participating Personnel	Approximately 240 military personnel, with around 120 from each country.
Exercise Theme	Joint Sub-Conventional Operations in Island and Coastal Environment under Chapter VII of the UN Mandate.
Special Participation	New Zealand participated as an observer for the first time.
Previous Edition	Fourth edition held at Irwin Barracks, Perth, Australia, from 13 to 26 October 2025.

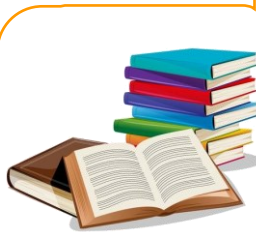


- Which Dussehra celebration in India lasts for approximately 75 days and is associated with the worship of Maa Danteshwari?

- A) Mysuru Dasara
- B) Kullu Dussehra
- C) Bastar Dussehra
- D) Madikeri Dasara
- E) Kota Dussehra Mela

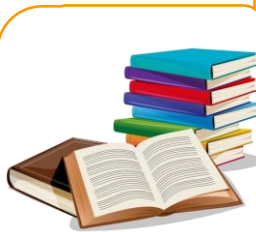
Answer

C) Bastar Dussehra.



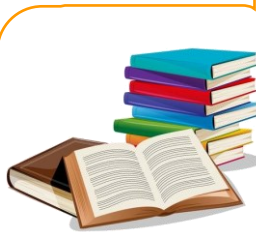
Event and Location:

- **Event:** Dussehra (Vijayadashami) celebrations across India feature **12** distinctive regional traditions, including **Mysuru Dasara, Durga Puja, Kullu Dussehra, Bastar Dussehra, and Bommai Kolu.**



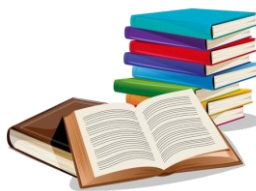
Event and Location:

- **Location: Across India**, covering **West Bengal**, Karnataka, Gujarat, **Himachal Pradesh**, Delhi, **Uttar Pradesh**, Punjab, **Tamil Nadu**, Rajasthan, Telangana, and Chhattisgarh.
- **Date: 20 October 2026** (Tuesday).



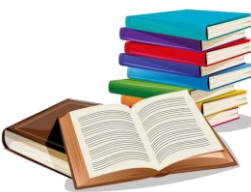
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Mandates:** Dussehra celebrations involve religious rituals, cultural processions, folk dances, theatrical performances, and traditional worship practices. Major celebrations include Mysuru's **Jamboo Savari**, Kullu's deity processions, Delhi's **Ravana Dahan**, **Tamil Nadu's Bommai Kolu**, and Chhattisgarh's **75-day Bastar Dussehra**.



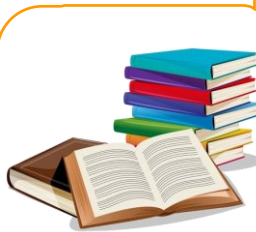
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Objectives:** To commemorate **Lord Rama's** victory over **Ravana and Goddess Durga's** victory over Mahishasura, while preserving India's diverse religious traditions, regional cultural heritage, folk arts, and community participation.



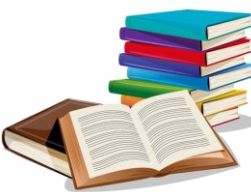
Important Terms Explained:

- **Durga Puja:** A major Hindu festival particularly celebrated in **West Bengal**, commemorating **Goddess Durga's** victory over Mahishasura. Kolkata's **Durga Puja** was inscribed on **UNESCO's Intangible Cultural Heritage** list in **2021**.



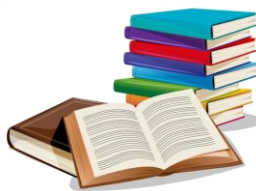
Important Terms Explained:

- **Mysuru Dasara:** A traditional royal festival celebrated in Karnataka, dedicated to **Goddess Chamundeshwari** and famous for palace illumination and the **Jamboo Savari** procession. Its royal tradition dates back to **1610**.



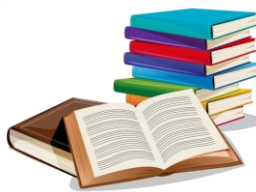
Important Terms Explained:

- **Jamboo Savari:** The grand **Mysuru Dasara** procession featuring a decorated elephant carrying the idol of **Goddess Chamundeshwari**, accompanied by cultural tableaux, musicians, and performers.



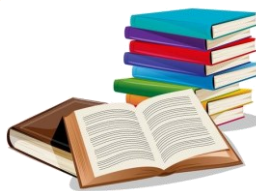
Important Terms Explained:

- **Madikeri Dasara:** A regional Dussehra celebration in Karnataka's Kodagu district, featuring Karaga processions, local goddess worship, folk performances, and colourful tableaux.



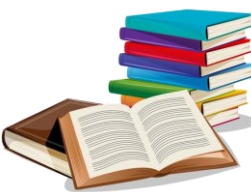
Important Terms Explained:

- **Garba and Dandiya Raas:** Traditional devotional dances performed during **Navratri in Gujarat**. **Garba of Gujarat** was inscribed on **UNESCO's Intangible Cultural Heritage** list in **2023**.



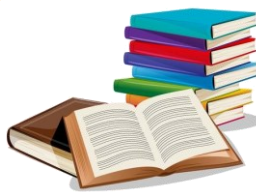
Important Terms Explained:

- **Kullu Dussehra:** A week-long festival celebrated in **Himachal Pradesh**, centred on **Lord Raghunath** and processions of local deities at **Dhalpur Maidan**, with major festivities beginning on Vijayadashami.



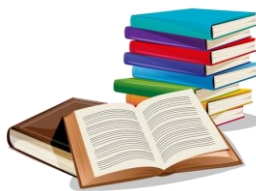
Important Terms Explained:

- **Ravana Dahan:** The ceremonial burning of effigies of Ravana, Meghnad, and Kumbhakarna, symbolising **Lord Rama's** victory over evil.



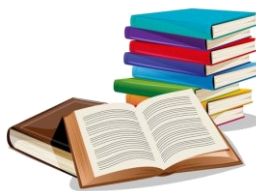
Important Terms Explained:

- **Ramnagar Ramlila:** A traditional theatrical presentation of the Ramayana performed across multiple locations near Varanasi, **Uttar Pradesh**, and associated with Tulsidas's Ramcharitmanas. **The Ramlila** tradition was inscribed on **UNESCO's Intangible Cultural Heritage** list in **2008**.



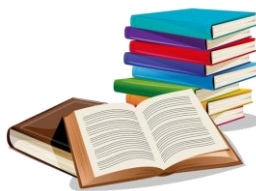
Important Terms Explained:

- **Jagrata and Kanjak Puja:** Religious practices observed during **Navratri in Punjab**, involving overnight devotional singing and worship of young girls as manifestations of divine feminine power.



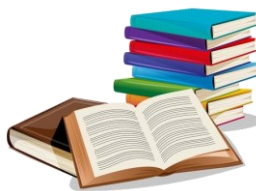
Important Terms Explained:

- **Bomma Kolu:** A **Tamil Nadu Navratri** tradition involving the arrangement of dolls and figurines on tiered displays depicting deities, mythology, historical personalities, and everyday life.



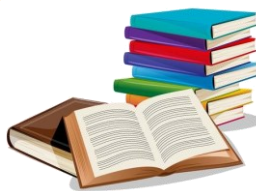
Important Terms Explained:

- **Kota Dussehra Mela:** A major religious and cultural fair organised in Kota, Rajasthan, featuring Ramlila, **Ravana Dahan**, folk performances, handicrafts, and commercial activities.



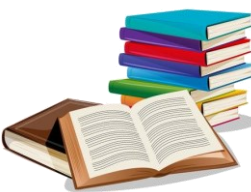
Important Terms Explained:

- **Bathukamma:** A traditional floral festival of Telangana celebrated during the Navratri season, involving flower arrangements, folk songs, group dances, and ceremonial immersion of flowers.



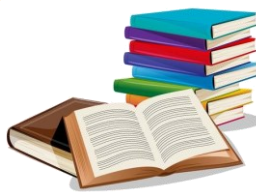
Important Terms Explained:

- **Bastar Dussehra:** A nearly **75**-day festival celebrated in Jagdalpur, Chhattisgarh, dedicated to **Maa Danteshwari** and associated with tribal traditions, deity processions, and rituals such as **Muria Darbar**. Its history dates back to the **15th** century.



Important Terms Explained:

- **Muria Darbar:** A traditional gathering associated with **Bastar Dussehra** that reflects the participation of local communities and their customary institutions.



Tabular Summary:

Parameter	Details
Festival	Dussehra, Vijayadashami, or Dasara.
Date	20 October 2026.
Geographical Coverage	Multiple regions across India, featuring 12 distinctive cultural traditions.
Mysuru and Madikeri Dasara	Karnataka; Jamboo Savari, palace illumination, Karaga processions, and folk performances.
Kullu and Bastar Dussehra	Himachal Pradesh and Chhattisgarh; deity processions and tribal traditions, with Bastar celebrations lasting approximately 75 days.
Major Southern Traditions	Tamil Nadu's Bommai Kolu and Telangana's Bathukamma floral festival.
Other Regional Celebrations	West Bengal's Durga Puja, Gujarat's Garba, Delhi's Ravana Dahan, Uttar Pradesh's Ramnagar Ramlila, Punjab's Kanjak Puja, and Rajasthan's Kota Dussehra Mela.
UNESCO Recognition	Ramlila in 2008, Kolkata's Durga Puja in 2021, and Gujarat's Garba in 2023.

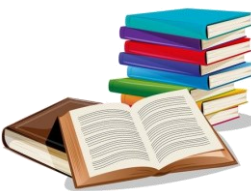


➤ **Which three Indian sites were added to UNESCO's World Heritage Tentative List in 2026?**

- A) Hampi, Ajanta Caves and Ellora Caves
- B) Baratang Complex, Andaman Subduction Volcanoes and Sirpur Landscape
- C) Sundarbans, Kaziranga National Park and Chilika Lake
- D) Barren Island, Elephanta Caves and Konark Sun Temple
- E) Nalanda, Sanchi Stupa and Bhimbetka Caves

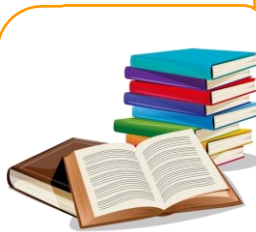
Answer

B) Baratang Complex, Andaman Subduction Volcanoes and Sirpur Landscape.



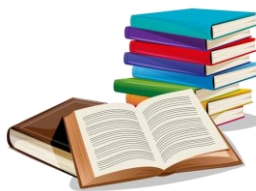
Event and Location:

- **Event: UNESCO's World Heritage Centre** added three Indian properties to the **World Heritage Tentative List 2026**, comprising two natural sites and one cultural site, bringing India's reported total to **81** properties.



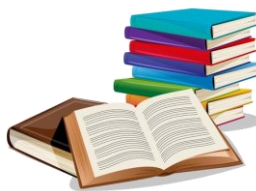
Event and Location:

- **Location:** Andaman and Nicobar Islands, covering Baratang, Barren Island and Narcondam Island, and Sirpur in Mahasamund district, Chhattisgarh.
- **Date:** 28 September 2026 (proposal submission date), with the development reported on 21 October 2026.



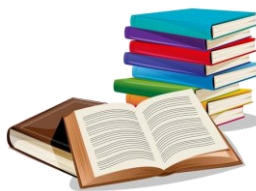
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Mandates: The Permanent Delegation of India to UNESCO** proposed three properties for inclusion in India's **World Heritage Tentative List**: the **Karst-Mud-Volcano Complex of Baratang, Andaman Subduction Volcanoes**, and **Sirpur Cultural and Archaeological Landscape**. The first two were classified as natural properties, while Sirpur was classified as a cultural property.



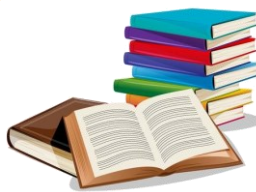
Mandates and Objectives:

- **Objectives:** To identify and preserve India's geological formations, volcanic landscapes, biodiversity, archaeological remains, and multi-faith cultural heritage, while preparing eligible properties for potential nomination to the **UNESCO World Heritage List**.



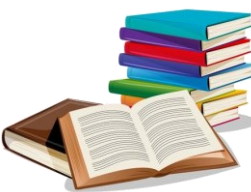
Important Terms Explained:

- **World Heritage Tentative List:** An inventory of cultural and natural properties that a country considers suitable for future nomination to the **UNESCO World Heritage List**. Inclusion does not automatically grant **World Heritage** status.



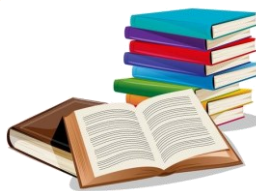
Important Terms Explained:

- **Karst-Mud-Volcano Complex of Baratang:** A natural geological landscape in the **Andaman and Nicobar Islands** featuring limestone caves, karst formations, and mud volcanoes. Its mud volcanoes reportedly reactivated in **2025** after approximately **20** years of inactivity.



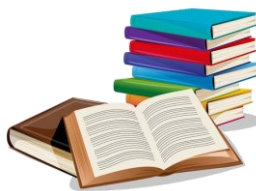
Important Terms Explained:

- **Karst Topography:** A landscape formed through the dissolution of soluble rocks such as limestone by water, producing caves, sinkholes, underground drainage systems, and other geological formations.



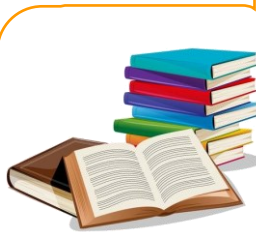
Important Terms Explained:

- **Mud Volcanoes:** Geological formations that discharge mud, water, and gases due to underground pressure and sedimentary processes rather than erupting molten lava. Mud volcanoes on Baratang are locally called Jalki.



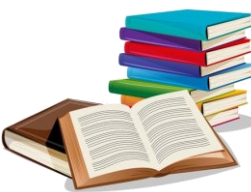
Important Terms Explained:

- **Speleothems:** Mineral deposits formed inside caves, including stalactites hanging from cave ceilings and stalagmites rising from cave floors.



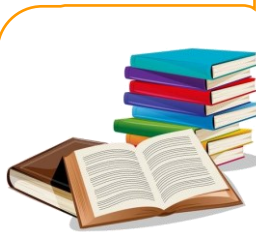
Important Terms Explained:

- **Andaman Subduction Volcanoes:** A proposed natural heritage property comprising **Barren Island** and **Narcondam Island**, representing volcanic activity associated with the subduction of the **Indian Plate** beneath the Burma microplate.



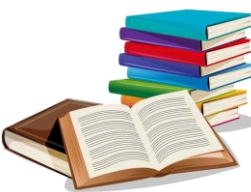
Important Terms Explained:

- **Barren Island:** A volcanic island in the **Andaman Sea** containing India's only historically active volcano, characterised by basaltic and basaltic-andesite lava formations and a volcanic caldera.



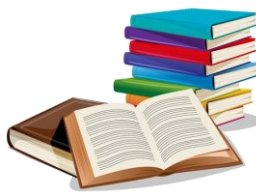
Important Terms Explained:

- **Narcondam Island:** A volcanic island in the **Andaman Sea** recognised for its geological features and biodiversity, including its designation as an **Important Bird Area** and **Key Biodiversity Area**.



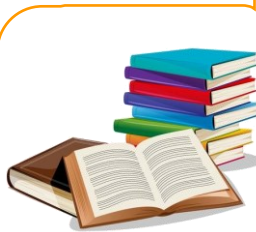
Important Terms Explained:

- **Subduction Zone:** A tectonic boundary where one lithospheric plate moves beneath another, potentially generating earthquakes, volcanic activity, and mountain-building processes.



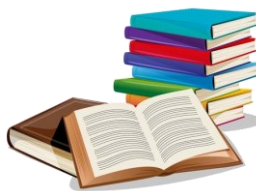
Important Terms Explained:

- **Sirpur Cultural and Archaeological Landscape:** A historic cultural property in Chhattisgarh's Mahasamund district, situated near the **Mahanadi River** and approximately **78** kilometres from Raipur, containing evidence of ancient trade, urban settlements, and Hindu-Buddhist heritage.



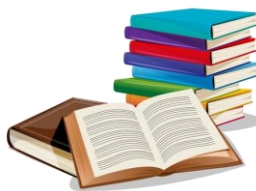
Important Terms Explained:

- **Stromatolites:** Layered sedimentary structures formed through the activities of microorganisms, particularly cyanobacteria, and preserved as evidence of ancient biological processes.



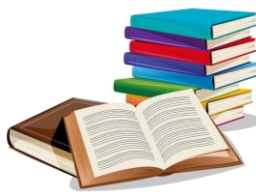
Important Terms Explained:

- **Outstanding Universal Value (OUV):** Cultural or natural significance considered so exceptional that a property is important to humanity as a whole, forming a central criterion for **World Heritage** inscription.



Important Terms Explained:

- **World Heritage Committee:** The intergovernmental body responsible for deciding whether nominated properties qualify for inscription on the **UNESCO World Heritage List**.



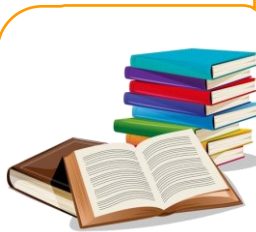
Tabular Summary:

Parameter	Details
Event	Addition of three Indian properties to UNESCO's World Heritage Tentative List in 2026.
Proposal Date	28 September 2026.
Proposing Authority	Permanent Delegation of India to UNESCO.
Karst-Mud-Volcano Complex of Baratang	Andaman and Nicobar Islands; natural property featuring limestone caves, karst formations, and mud volcanoes.
Andaman Subduction Volcanoes	Barren Island and Narcondam Island; natural property featuring volcanic geology and biodiversity.
Sirpur Cultural and Archaeological Landscape	Mahasamund district, Chhattisgarh; cultural property featuring archaeological remains, ancient trade routes, and multi-faith heritage.
India's Tentative List Total	81 properties, as reported in the supplied information.
World Heritage Process	Tentative Listing, Nomination, Evaluation, and Inscription by the World Heritage Committee.

QUICK RECALL



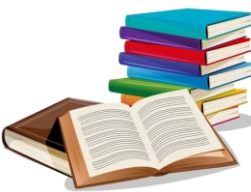
- **Dussehra 2026 was celebrated across most parts of India on 20 October to commemorate Lord Rama's victory over Ravana and Goddess Durga's victory over Mahishasura, symbolising the triumph of good over evil.**
- **Dussehra celebrations across India on 20 October 2026 highlighted 12 distinctive regional traditions, including royal processions, deity worship, folk dances, and tribal rituals, reflecting the country's religious and cultural diversity.**
- **India observed Police Commemoration Day on 21 October 2026 to honour police personnel killed in the line of duty, with national commemorative ceremonies planned at the National Police Memorial in New Delhi.**
- **World Iodine Deficiency Day was observed globally on 21 October 2026 to promote thyroid health and prevent iodine deficiency disorders, with India's NIDDCP supporting prevention through salt iodisation, monitoring, and public awareness.**
- **Indian para-athlete Ayush Verma won the men's shot put F53 gold medal with an 8.16-metre throw at the Asian Para Games 2026 in Nagoya, Japan, increasing India's reported medal tally to 38, including 10 gold medals.**



QUICK RECALL



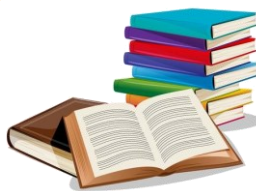
- The International Cricket Council scheduled the third ICC U19 Women's T20 World Cup from 21 January to 6 February 2027 in Bangladesh and Nepal, featuring 16 teams and 41 matches to promote international youth women's cricket.
- Ipsos released the Quality of Care Perception Index 2026 in October, ranking India third after Malaysia and Singapore, with 68% of Indian respondents expressing positive perceptions of healthcare quality.
- The Drugs Controller General of India approved Zytorvi (Toripalimab) with cisplatin and paclitaxel on 21 October 2026 for first-line treatment of adults with advanced esophageal squamous cell carcinoma, expanding India's immunotherapy treatment options.
- Nigeria confirmed an imported Ebola Bundibugyo virus disease case in Abuja on 20 October 2026, prompting the NCDC, with WHO support, to monitor 44 contacts and strengthen outbreak-control measures.
- India and Australia commenced the fifth edition of the joint military exercise AUSTRAHIND on 19 October 2026 in Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala, involving approximately 240 personnel to strengthen military interoperability and coastal operational capabilities.



QUICK RECALL



- **Dussehra celebrations across India on 20 October 2026 highlighted 12 distinctive regional traditions, including royal processions, deity worship, folk dances, and tribal rituals, reflecting the country's religious and cultural diversity.**
- **UNESCO's World Heritage Centre added three Indian properties proposed by the Permanent Delegation of India on 28 September 2026 to the World Heritage Tentative List, recognising two natural landscapes and one cultural landscape for potential future World Heritage nomination.**



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» as Uu told us from the depth of a part... ur teach very well sir!

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Vaishu Chandran
★★★★★

Banking awareness full video complete pannathuku apm oru confidence kidachi irukku sir. Zero lenthu start pannuna. Now master level kku ana feel irukku sir. Tmq so much sir. Super content.

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Dharani
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Very clear explanation and most important topics. Thank you sir.

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Nirosha
★★★★★

Banking awareness course romba romba useful la iruku omaka kadakara time little na. Pathara aalo time la sharama undirundam apam padathara omaka romba easy nalla atha method la best subject time spend panna. muthu oru var video pathara nalla nappagan vechha muthu, illa ennae subject romba romba. Iam full banking padathara irukku. Iam sir kadachathu god gift thank you sir for your teaching. Jai.

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Bhuvana K
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Crystal clear explanation thank you so much sir

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STUDENT REVIEW

Ruban
★★★★★

No idea in banking awareness but ipo yarachu doubt keta clarify panra alavuku iruken. Thankyou@liwin sir #worthuhh Varma

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Mariappan B
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This course was really useful for me. Thank you Anna.

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Benitta Robinson
★★★★★

"Such a great explanation for each and every topics of banking awareness. Easy to understand. Thank you Liwin sir."

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Rajaganapathy A R
★★★★★

Worth worth varma onnuma theeriyama the course start pannan mudikum pothu avalo oru confidence ah kuduthu banking awareness theerinja naala financial awareness iam kuda easy ah puripuka mudiyathu thanks liwin bro

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Mega
★★★★★

Got a clear cut view on banking awareness... I have referred many materials for the past 6 yrs and yours is the best one... Thank you sir

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Priyanga V
★★★★★

Every concepts crystal clear with easy explanation. No better banking awareness

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Vasanthakumarm
★★★★★

Thank you Anna for your clear explanation

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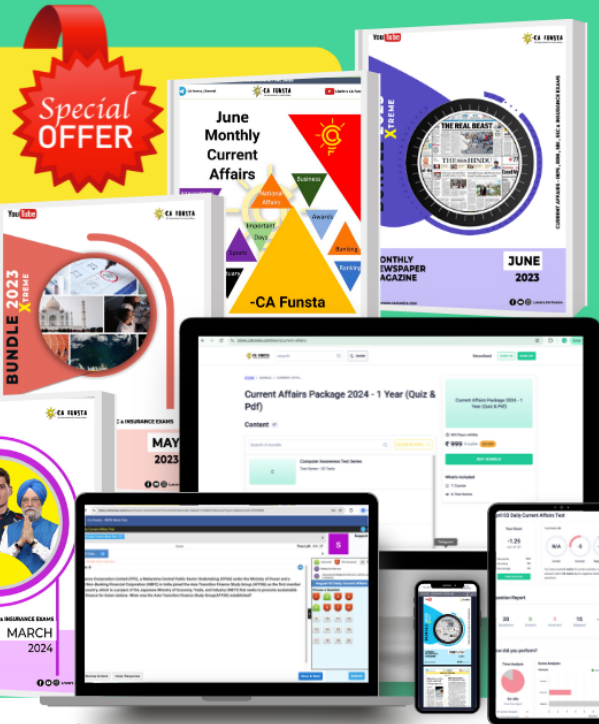


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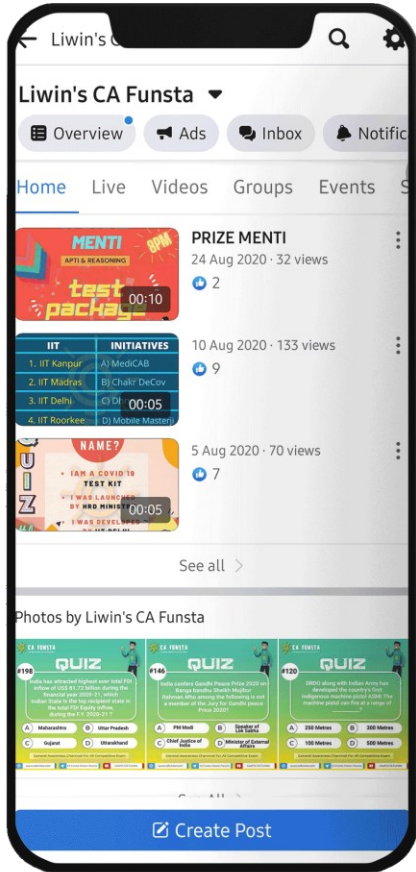
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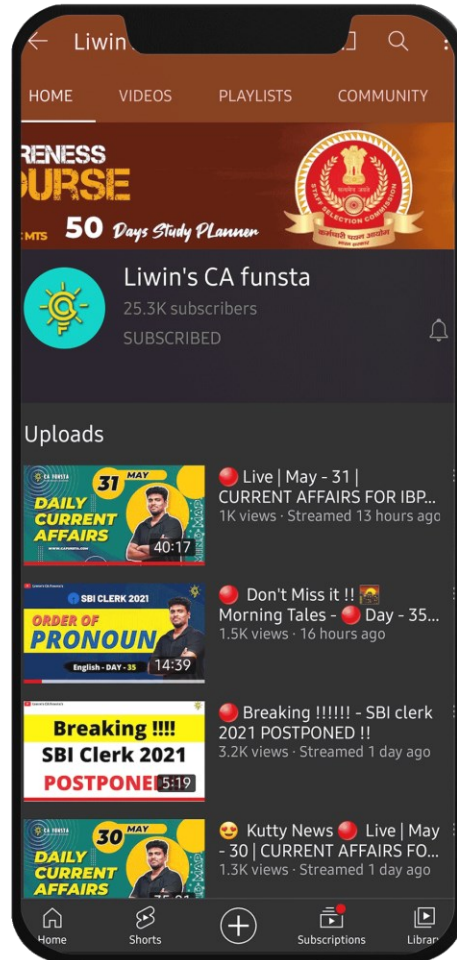


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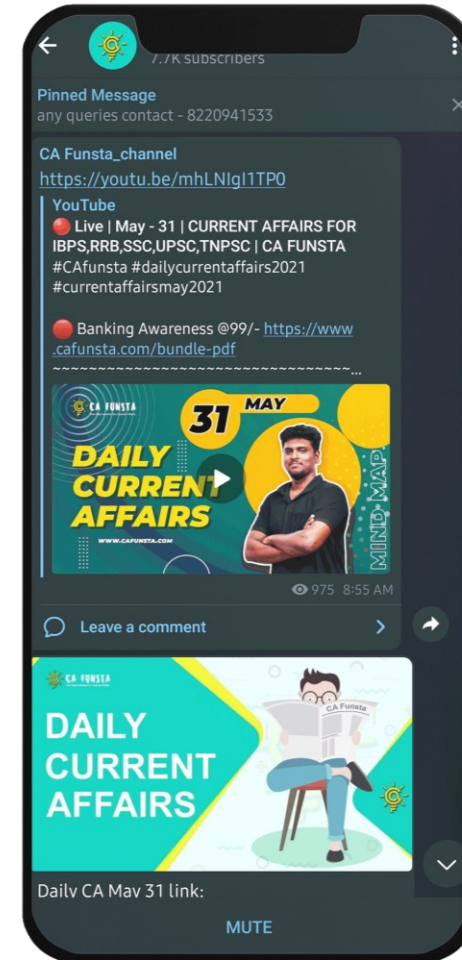
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